STATE SECURITY STANDARDS FOR PERSONAL			
			INFORMATION
			2013 GENERAL SESSION
			STATE OF UTAH
1	LONC	G T	ITLE
(	Gener	al l	Description:
		Th	nis bill amends the Medical Assistance Act to require a health care provider to give a
		pa	tient notice that some personal identifying information about the patient may be
		sh	ared with the state's Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program eligibility
		da	tabase, and amends provisions in the Utah Technology Governance Act related to
		sta	atewide security standards for personal information stored or transmitted on state
		se	rvers.
1	Highli	ight	ted Provisions:
		Th	nis bill:
		•	beginning July 1, 2013, requires a health care provider who participates in the state
			Medicaid program or the Children's Health Insurance Program to include in the
			health care provider's notice of privacy practices that the health care provider either
			has, or may submit personally identifiable information about the patient to the
			state's Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program eligibility database;
		•	requires the state Medicaid program and Children's Health Insurance Program,
			before giving a provider access to the state's eligibility database, to verify that the
			health care provider's notice of privacy practices complies with federal and state
			law;
		•	gives the Department of Health administrative rulemaking authority to establish
			uniform language for the state requirement for the notice of privacy practices to
			patients;
		•	amends the Utah Technology Governance Act to require the state's chief
			information officer to:
			• in coordination with the governor's office, convene a group of experts to identify
			industry best practices for data security standards;

32	<ul> <li>incorporate industry best practices for data security standards into the</li> </ul>
33	Department of Technology Services and executive branch agency practices;
34	• modify the state's executive branch information technology strategic plan to
35	incorporate the industry best practices standards, as feasible within the
36	Department of Technology Services or executive branch agency budgets;
37	• inform the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the
38	Senate if security standards are not adopted due to budget issues; and
39	<ul> <li>conduct an assessment of the Department of Technology Services and executive</li> </ul>
40	branch agency security standards at least once every two years;
41	<ul> <li>provides a process in which a state agency that contracts for services from the</li> </ul>
42	Department of Technology Services may enter into an agreement with the
43	department to audit the security standards implemented by the department; and
44	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming amendments</li> </ul>
45	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
46	None
47	Other Special Clauses:
48	None
49	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
50	AMENDS:
51	63F-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 270
52	63F-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
53	63F-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 270
54	63F-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
55	63F-1-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 270
56	ENACTS:
57	<b>26-18-17</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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59	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
60	Section 1. Section 26-18-17 is enacted to read:
61	26-18-17. Patient notice of health care provider privacy practices.
62	(1) (a) For purposes of this section:

63	(i) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in Section
64	78B-3-403 who:
65	(A) receives payment for medical services from the Medicaid program established in
66	this chapter, or the Children's Health Insurance Program established in Chapter 40, Utah
67	Children's Health Insurance Act; and
68	(B) submits a patient's personally identifiable information to the Medicaid eligibility
69	database or the Children's Health Insurance Program eligibility database.
70	(ii) "HIPAA" means 45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 162, and 164, Health Insurance Portability
71	and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.
72	(b) Beginning July 1, 2013, this section applies to the Medicaid program, the
73	Children's Health Insurance Program created in Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance
74	Act, and a health care provider.
75	(2) A health care provider shall, as part of the notice of privacy practices required by
76	HIPAA, provide notice to the patient or the patient's personal representative that the health care
77	provider either has or may submit personally identifiable information about the patient to the
78	Medicaid eligibility database and the Children's Health Insurance Program eligibility database.
79	(3) The Medicaid program and the Children's Health Insurance Program may not give a
80	health care provider access to the Medicaid eligibility database or the Children's Health
81	Insurance Program eligibility database unless the health care provider's notice of privacy
82	practices complies with Subsection (2).
83	(4) The department may adopt an administrative rule to establish uniform language for
84	the state requirement for the notice of privacy practices to patients required under Subsection
85	<u>(2).</u>
86	Section 2. Section 63F-1-104 is amended to read:
87	63F-1-104. Purposes.
88	The department shall:
89	(1) lead state executive branch agency efforts to reengineer the state's information
90	technology architecture with the goal of coordinating central and individual agency information
91	technology in a manner that:
92	(a) ensures compliance with the executive branch agency strategic plan; and
93	(b) ensures that cost-effective, efficient information and communication systems and

94	resources are being used by agencies to:
95	(i) reduce data, hardware, and software redundancy;
96	(ii) improve system interoperability and data accessibility between agencies; and
97	(iii) meet the agency's and user's business and service needs;
98	(2) [(a)] coordinate an executive branch strategic plan for all agencies;
99	[(b)] (3) each year, in coordination with the governor's office, convene a group of
100	public and private sector information technology and data security experts to identify best
101	practices from agencies and other public and private sector entities[; and], including best
102	practices for data and information technology system security standards;
103	[(c)] (4) develop and implement processes to replicate information technology best
104	practices and standards identified in Subsection (3), throughout the executive branch;
105	(5) by December 1, 2014, and at least once every two years thereafter:
106	(a) evaluate the adequacy of the department's and the executive branch agencies' data
107	and information technology system security standards through an independent third party
108	assessment; and
109	(b) communicate the results of the independent third party assessment to the
110	appropriate executive branch agencies and to the president of the Senate and the speaker of the
111	House of Representatives;
112	[(3)] (6) oversee the expanded use and implementation of project and contract
113	management principles as they relate to information technology projects within the executive
114	branch;
115	[(4)] (7) serve as general contractor between the state's information technology users
116	and private sector providers of information technology products and services;
117	[(5)] (8) work toward building stronger partnering relationships with providers;
118	[6] (9) develop service level agreements with executive branch departments and
119	agencies to ensure quality products and services are delivered on schedule and within budget;
120	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (10) develop standards for application development including a standard
121	methodology and cost-benefit analysis that all agencies shall utilize for application
122	development activities;
123	[8] (11) determine and implement statewide efforts to standardize data elements and
124	determine data ownership assignments among executive branch agencies;

125	[(9)] (12) develop systems and methodologies to review, evaluate, and prioritize
126	existing information technology projects within the executive branch and report to the governor
127	and the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee on a semiannual basis regarding
128	the status of information technology projects; and
129	[(10)] (13) assist the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget with the development
130	of information technology budgets for agencies.
131	Section 3. Section <b>63F-1-202</b> is amended to read:
132	63F-1-202. Technology Advisory Board Membership Duties.
133	(1) There is created the Technology Advisory Board to the chief information officer.
134	The board shall have seven members as follows:
135	(a) three members appointed by the governor who are individuals actively involved in
136	business planning for state agencies;
137	(b) one member appointed by the governor who is actively involved in business
138	planning for higher education or public education;
139	(c) one member appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives and
140	president of the Senate from the Legislative Automation Committee of the Legislature to
141	represent the legislative branch;
142	(d) one member appointed by the Judicial Council to represent the judicial branch; and
143	(e) one member appointed by the governor who represents private sector business
144	needs in the state, but who is not an information technology vendor for the state.
145	(2) (a) The members of the advisory board shall elect a chair from the board by
146	majority vote.
147	(b) The department shall provide staff to the board.
148	(c) (i) A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum.
149	(ii) Action by a majority of a quorum of the board constitutes an action of the board.
150	(3) The board shall meet as necessary to advise the chief information officer and assist
151	the chief information officer and executive branch agencies in coming to consensus on:
152	(a) the development and implementation of the state's information technology strategic
153	plan;
154	(b) critical information technology initiatives for the state;
155	(c) the development of standards for state information architecture:

156	(d) identification of the business and technical needs of state agencies;
157	(e) the department's performance measures for service agreements with executive
158	branch agencies and subscribers of services, including a process in which an executive branch
159	agency may review the department's implementation of and compliance with an executive
160	branch agency's data security requirements; and
161	(f) the efficient and effective operation of the department.
162	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
163	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
164	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
165	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
166	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
167	63A-3-107.
168	Section 4. Section 63F-1-203 is amended to read:
169	63F-1-203. Executive branch information technology strategic plan.
170	(1) In accordance with this section, the chief information officer shall prepare an
171	executive branch information technology strategic plan:
172	(a) that complies with this chapter; and
173	(b) which shall include:
174	(i) a strategic plan for the:
175	(A) interchange of information related to information technology between executive
176	branch agencies;
177	(B) coordination between executive branch agencies in the development and
178	maintenance of information technology and information systems, including the coordination of
179	agency information technology plans described in Section 63F-1-204; and
180	(C) protection of the privacy of individuals who use state information technology or
181	information systems, including the implementation of industry best practices for data and
182	system security that are identified in Subsection 63F-1-104(3);
183	(ii) priorities for the development and implementation of information technology or
184	information systems including priorities determined on the basis of:
185	(A) the importance of the information technology or information system; and
186	(B) the time sequencing of the information technology or information system; and

187	(iii) maximizing the use of existing state information technology resources.
188	(2) In the development of the executive branch strategic plan, the chief information
189	officer shall consult with:
190	(a) all cabinet level officials [and];
191	(b) the advisory board created in Section 63F-1-202[-]; and
192	(c) the group convened in accordance with Subsection 63F-1-104(3).
193	(3) (a) Unless withdrawn by the chief information officer or the governor in accordance
194	with Subsection (3)(b), the executive branch strategic plan takes effect 30 days after the day on
195	which the executive branch strategic plan is submitted to:
196	(i) the governor; and
197	(ii) the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee.
198	(b) The chief information officer or the governor may withdraw the executive branch
199	strategic plan submitted under Subsection (3)(a) if the governor or chief information officer
200	determines that the executive branch strategic plan:
201	(i) should be modified; or
202	(ii) for any other reason should not take effect.
203	(c) The Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee may make
204	recommendations to the governor and to the chief information officer if the commission
205	determines that the executive branch strategic plan should be modified or for any other reason
206	should not take effect.
207	(d) Modifications adopted by the chief information officer shall be resubmitted to the
208	governor and the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee for their review or
209	approval as provided in Subsections (3)(a) and (b).
210	(4) (a) The chief information officer shall, on or before January 1, 2014, and each year
211	thereafter, modify the executive branch information technology strategic plan to incorporate
212	security standards that:
213	(i) are identified as industry best practices in accordance with Subsections
214	63F-1-104(3) and (4); and
215	(ii) can be implemented within the budget of the department or the executive branch
216	agencies.
217	(b) The chief information officer shall inform the speaker of the House of

218 Representatives and the president of the Senate on or before January 1 of each year if best 219 practices identified in Subsection (4)(a)(i) are not adopted due to budget issues considered 220 under Subsection (4)(a)(ii). 221 [(4)] (5) The executive branch strategic plan is to be implemented by executive branch 222 agencies through each executive branch agency adopting an agency information technology 223 plan in accordance with Section 63F-1-204. 224 Section 5. Section **63F-1-204** is amended to read: 225 63F-1-204. Agency information technology plans. 226 (1) (a) By July 1 of each year, each executive branch agency shall submit an agency 227 information technology plan to the chief information officer at the department level, unless the 228 governor or the chief information officer request an information technology plan be submitted 229 by a subunit of a department, or by an executive branch agency other than a department. (b) The information technology plans required by this section shall be in the form and 230 231 level of detail required by the chief information officer, by administrative rule adopted in 232 accordance with Section 63F-1-206, and shall include, at least: 233 (i) the information technology objectives of the agency; 234 (ii) any performance measures used by the agency for implementing the agency's 235 information technology objectives: 236 (iii) any planned expenditures related to information technology; 237 (iv) the agency's need for appropriations for information technology; 238 (v) how the agency's development of information technology coordinates with other 239 state and local governmental entities; 240 (vi) any efforts the agency has taken to develop public and private partnerships to 241 accomplish the information technology objectives of the agency; [and] 242 (vii) the efforts the executive branch agency has taken to conduct transactions 243 electronically in compliance with Section 46-4-503[-]; and 244 (viii) the executive branch agency's plan for the timing and method of verifying the 245 department's security standards, if an agency intends to verify the department's security 246 standards for the data that the agency maintains or transmits through the department's servers. 247 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an agency information technology plan described in Subsection (1) shall comply with the executive branch strategic plan established in 248

249 accordance with Section 63F-1-203.

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(b) If the executive branch agency submitting the agency information technology plan justifies the need to depart from the executive branch strategic plan, an agency information technology plan may depart from the executive branch strategic plan to the extent approved by the chief information officer.

- (3) (a) On receipt of a state agency information technology plan, the chief information officer shall forward a complete copy of the agency information technology plan to the Division of Enterprise Technology created in Section 63F-1-401 and the Division of Integrated Technology created in Section 63F-1-501.
- (b) The divisions shall provide the chief information officer a written analysis of each agency plan submitted in accordance with [Sections] Subsections 63F-1-404(14) and 63F-1-504(3).
  - (4) (a) The chief information officer shall review each agency plan to determine:
- (i) (A) whether the agency plan complies with the executive branch strategic plan and state information architecture; or
- (B) to the extent that the agency plan does not comply with the executive branch strategic plan or state information architecture, whether the executive branch entity is justified in departing from the executive branch strategic plan, or state information architecture; and
  - (ii) whether the agency plan meets the information technology and other needs of:
  - (A) the executive branch agency submitting the plan; and
- 269 (B) the state.
  - (b) In conducting the review required by Subsection (4)(a), the chief information officer shall consider the analysis submitted by the divisions under Subsection (3).
- 272 (5) After the chief information officer conducts the review described in Subsection (4) 273 of an agency information technology plan, the chief information officer may:
  - (a) approve the agency information technology plan;
- (b) disapprove the agency information technology plan; or
- (c) recommend modifications to the agency information technology plan.
  - (6) An executive branch agency or the department may not submit a request for appropriation related to information technology or an information technology system to the governor in accordance with Section 63J-1-201 until after the executive branch agency's

280	information technology plan is approved by the chief information officer.
281	Section 6. Section <b>63F-1-604</b> is amended to read:
282	63F-1-604. Duties of the division.
283	The division shall:
284	(1) be responsible for providing support to executive branch agencies for an agency's
285	information technology assets and functions that are unique to the executive branch agency and
286	are mission critical functions of the agency;
287	(2) conduct audits of an executive branch agency when requested under the provisions
288	of Section 63F-1-208;
289	(3) conduct cost-benefit analysis of delegating a department function to an agency in
290	accordance with Section 63F-1-208;
291	(4) provide in-house information technology staff support to executive branch
292	agencies;
293	(5) establish accountability and performance measures for the division to assure that
294	the division is:
295	(a) meeting the business and service needs of the state and individual executive branch
296	agencies; and
297	(b) implementing security standards in accordance with Subsection 63F-1-203(4);
298	(6) establish a committee composed of agency user groups for the purpose of
299	coordinating department services with agency needs;
300	(7) assist executive branch agencies in complying with the requirements of any rule
301	adopted by the chief information officer; and
302	(8) by July 1, [2006] 2013 and each July 1 thereafter, report to the Public Utilities and
303	Technology Interim Committee on the performance measures used by the division under
304	Subsection (5) and the results.